

# **Risk Disclosure Notice**



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#### Introduction

The Website of Fxnet.com/eu is owned and operated by FXNET Limited. FXNET Limited (hereinafter referred to as 'FxNet', the 'Company', the 'Firm', 'us', 'our') is a Cypriot Investment Firm (CIF) which is authorized and regulated by the Cyprus Securities and Exchange Commission ("CySEC"), under license number 182/12, incorporated and registered under the laws of the Republic of Cyprus (Certificate of Incorporation No. 300624), registered office at 4 Theklas Lysioti St, Harmony House, Office 31, 3rd floor, 3030 Limassol, Cyprus.

#### 2. Scope

- 2.1 The Risk Disclosure Notice (the 'Notice') is provided by the Company to its Clients in order to help them to understand the risks that may arise when trading Contract for Difference (CFDs. However, the Client needs to bear in mind that the Notice does not contain all the risks and aspects involved in trading CFDs.
- 2.2 The Notice is provided to the Client in accordance with the Investment Services and Activities and Regulated Markets Law of 2017 87(I)/2017, as subsequently amended from time to time ("the Law"), which is applicable to the Company.
- All Clients and prospective Clients should carefully read the Notice in conjunction with the Company's Terms and Conditions of Use, the Order Execution Policy and all the other documentation and information available on the Company's Website. All Clients and prospective Clients should read carefully the following risk disclosures and warnings contained in this Notice, before applying to the Company for a Trading Account and before they begin to accept any services from the Company. However, it is noted that this document cannot and does not disclose or explain all of the risks and other significant aspects involved in dealing in the Financial Instruments offered by the Company. This notice was designed to explain in general terms the nature of the risks involved when dealing in Financial Instruments on a fair and non-misleading basis.
- The Client needs to ensure that any decision to engage in trading CFDs in made by him/her on an informed basis and considering his/her knowledge and experience as well as to his/her personal circumstances (including but not limited to his/her financial situation). Prospective clients will understand the impact of and risks associated with margin trading, its key concepts along with leverage and the potential to bear losses of the entire invested capital.
- 2.5 CFDs are leveraged financial products and therefore as such, trading CFDs involves a high risk of loss as price movements are influenced by the amount of leverage the Client is using. Nonetheless, as a result of the 'Negative Balance Protection' the Client cannot lose more than he/she has initially invested.



- **2.6** The Client, under no circumstances, should not risk more than he/she is prepared to lose.
- 2.7 The various types of risks described in this document are appropriate for both retail and professional customers as well as eligible counterparties. However, it should be remembered that professional clients and eligible counterparties have resources to reduce at least some of the risks described in this document, so their exposure to a particular risk category may be lower than for retail clients.

#### 3. Appropriateness Assessment

During the Online Registration Process, the Company carries out an assessment of Clients' appropriateness to trade CFDs and determines, based on the information provided by the Client, if the Client has sufficient knowledge and experience to understand the risks involved in trading CFDs. The Company will inform the Client of the result of such assessment. If the Company will warn the Client that trading CFDs may not be appropriate for him/her, then the Client shall refrain from trading until he/she attain sufficient knowledge and experience (for example, the Client may open a demo account first and familiarize himself/herself with the environment and risks involved in trading CFDs). If, despite the Company's warning, the Client will proceed with the live Account Opening Process, the Client will do so on his/her own risk.

#### 4. Risk elements in relation to Financial Instruments

- 4.1 Trading in Financial Instruments whose value is based i.e. on securities, futures, currency exchange rates, prices of raw materials, commodities, stock exchange indices or prices of other, underlying instruments involves specific market risk related to the Underlying Instruments.
- 4.2 Specific market risk for a particular underlying instrument includes, in particular, the risk of political changes, changes in economic policy, as well as other factors which may considerably and permanently influence the conditions and rules of trading and valuation of a particular Underlying Instrument.
- 4.3 For financial instruments quoted with variable Spread (floating Spread) chosen by the Client Spread is variable and reflects the market price of an Underlying Instrument. Such a variable Spread is a part of market risk and may negatively influence overall costs associated with the Transaction especially during periods of high volatility or limited liquidity of the market for the underlying instrument.
- Investing in financial instruments with an underlying asset listed in a currency other than the Client's base currency entails a currency risk, due to the fact that when the CFD is settled in a currency other than the Client's base currency, the value of the Client's return may be affected by its conversion into the base currency.



#### 5. General Risk Warning

Trading in forex/CFDs involves significant risk and may not be suitable for all investors. Trading in the financial markets may lead to a loss of some or all of your original investment and as such you should not invest money that you cannot afford to lose. Trading on margin/leverage can work against you as well as for you. You should be fully aware of all risks involved in trading and should seek professional advice from an independent financial advisor if you have any doubts.

Between 74-89% of retail investor accounts lose money when trading CFDs. You should consider whether you understand how CFDs work and whether you can afford to take the high risk of losing your money.

Derivatives on Virtual Currencies are complex, extremely risky, and usually highly speculative products. They entail a high risk of losing all the invested capital. The values of virtual currencies values are subject to extreme price volatility and hence may result in significant loss over a short period of time. Derivatives on Virtual Currencies are not appropriate for all investors. As such, you should not engage in trading in relation to such products if you do not have the necessary knowledge in this specific product or if you cannot bear the loss of the entire invested amount. You must be fully aware of, and understand, the specific characteristics and risks in relation to these products.

# 6. Insolvency

- The Company's insolvency or default or the insolvency or default of any parties involved in Transactions undertaken by the Company on the Client's behalf (including without limitation brokers, execution venues and liquidity providers), may lead to positions being liquidated or closed out without the Client's consent and as result the Client may suffer losses. In the unlikely event of the Company's insolvency, segregated client funds cannot be used for reimbursement to the Company's creditors. If the Company is unable to satisfy repayment claims, eligible claimants have the right to compensation by the Investor Compensation Fund as stated below.
- The Company as the issuer of a CFD may become temporarily or permanently insolvent, resulting in its inability to meet its obligations. The solvency of an issuer may change due to one or more of a range of factors including the financial prospects of the issuing company, the issuer's economic sector and/or the political and economic status of the countries where it and/or its business are located. The deterioration of the issuer's solvency will influence the price of the securities that it issues.

#### 7. Investor Compensation Fund

7.1 The Company participates in the Investor Compensation Fund for Clients of Investment Firms regulated in the Republic of Cyprus. Claims of the covered Clients against the



Company may be compensated by the Investor Compensation Fund where the Company is unable, due to its financial circumstances. Compensation shall not exceed twenty thousand Euros (EUR 20.000) for each entitled Client. For more details please refer to the "Investor Compensation Fund Notice" found on the Company's Website at (Click here).

#### 8. Force Majeure Events

- 8.1 In case of a Force Majeure Event the Company may not be in a position to arrange for the execution of Client Orders or fulfil its obligations under the Client Agreement with the Client found at (Click here). As a result the Client may suffer financial loss.
- 8.2 The Company will not be liable or have any responsibility for any type of loss or damage arising out of any failure, interruption, or delay in performing its obligations under the Client Agreement where such failure, interruption or delay is due to a Force Majeure Event.

# 9. Regulatory and Legal Risk

9.1 A change in laws and regulations may materially impact a Financial Instrument and investments in a sector or market. A change in laws or regulations made by a government or a regulatory body or a decision reached by a judicial body can increase business operational costs, lessen investment attractiveness, change the competitive landscape and as such alter the profit possibilities of an investment. This risk is unpredictable and may vary from market to market.

#### 10. General Risk Disclosure

- **10.1** The Client is warned of the following general risks:
- **10.1.2** The Company does not and cannot guarantee the initial capital of the Clients' portfolio or its value at any time or any money invested in any Financial Instrument.
- **10.1.3** Regardless of any information which may be offered by the Company, the value of any investment in Financial Instruments may fluctuate downwards or upwards and it is even probable that the investment may become of no value.
- **10.1.4** The Client is hereby advised that the transactions undertaken through the services of the Company may be of a speculative nature. Large losses may occur in a short period of time.
- 10.1.5 Some Financial Instruments may not become immediately liquid as a result for example of reduced demand and the Client may not be in a position to sell them or easily obtain information on the value of these Financial Instruments or the extent of the associated risks.



- **10.1.6** When a Financial Instrument is traded in a currency other than the currency of the Client's country of residence, any changes in the exchange rates may have a negative effect on its value, price and performance.
- 10.1.7 A Financial Instrument on foreign markets may entail risks different to the usual risks of the markets in the Client's country of residence. In some cases, these risks may be greater. The prospect of profit or loss from transactions on foreign markets is also affected by exchange rate fluctuations.
- 10.1.8 A Derivative Financial Instrument (i.e. option, future, forward, swap, CFD, NDF) may be a non-delivery spot transaction giving an opportunity to make profit on changes in currency rates, commodity, stock market indices or share prices called the underlying instrument. The value of the Derivative Financial Instrument may be directly affected by the price of the relevant underlying instrument.
- **10.1.9** The Client must not purchase a Derivative Financial Instrument unless he/she is willing to undertake the risks of losing entirely all the money which he/she has invested and also any additional commissions and other expenses incurred.

# 11. Third Party Risks

- 11.1 It is understood that the Company will promptly place any Client money it receives into one or more segregated account(s) (denoted as 'clients' accounts') with reliable financial institutions (within or outside Cyprus or the EEA) such as a credit institution or a bank in a third country. The Company shall exercise due skill, care and diligence in the selection of the financial institution according to Applicable Regulations, it is understood that there are circumstances beyond the control of the Company and hence the Company does not accept any liability or responsibility for any resulting losses to the Client as a result of the insolvency or any other analogous proceedings or failure of the financial institution where Client money will be held.
- The financial institution (of paragraph 3.1.) where Client money will be held may be within or outside Cyprus or the EEA. It is understood that the legal and regulatory regime applying to any such financial institution outside Cyprus or the EEA will be different from that of Cyprus. Hence, in the event of the insolvency or any other equivalent failure or proceeding of that person, the Client's money may be treated differently from the treatment which would apply if the money was held in a Segregated Account in Cyprus.
- 11.3 The financial institution to whom the Company will pass Client money may hold it in an omnibus account. In the event of the insolvency or any other analogous proceedings in relation to that financial institution, the Company may only have an unsecured claim against the financial institution on behalf of the Client, and the Client will be exposed to the risk that the money received by the Company from the financial institution is insufficient to satisfy the claims of the Client with claims in respect of the relevant account. The Company does not accept any liability or responsibility for any resulting losses. In general, accounts held with institutions, including omnibus account(s), face



various risks, including the potential risk of being treated as one (1) account in case the financial institution in which the funds are held defaults. Under such circumstances, any applicable deposit guarantee scheme may be applied without consideration of the Client as the ultimate beneficial owners of the omnibus Account. In addition, resolution measures may be taken in such a case, including the bail-in of Client funds.

- 11.4 The Company may deposit Client money with a depository who may have a security interest, lien or right of set-off in relation to that money.
- 11.5 A Bank or Broker through whom the Company deals with could have interests contrary to the Client's Interests.
- as principal to principal against the Client. The Company may, at its own discretion, receive and then transmit and execute Client Orders with a third party (the Liquidity Provider). Execution of orders is explained in the "Order Execution Policy" found at (Click here). In the event of luck of liquidity of the Liquidity Provider after a successful Order for the Client, the Company will not be in a position to settle the transaction for the Client (i.e. pay the Client the Difference of his successful trade).

# 12. Additional Risk Disclosure

- **12.1** The Client is warned of the following additional risks:
- **12.1.1** The insolvency of the Company or of a Bank or Broker used by the Company to effect its transactions may lead to the Client's positions being closed out against his/her wishes.
- **12.1.2** Under certain market conditions it may be difficult or impossible to execute an order.
- **12.1.3** A Bank or Broker through whom the Company may deal with could have interest's contrary to the Client's interests.
- **12.1.4** The Client's attention is expressly drawn to currencies traded so irregularly or infrequently that it cannot be certain that a price will be quoted at all times or that it may be difficult to effect transactions at a price which may be quoted owing to the absence of a counter party.
- **12.1.5** Trading on-line, no matter how convenient or efficient, does not necessarily reduce risks associated with currency trading.
- 12.1.6 There may be situations, movements and/or conditions occurring at weekend, in the beginning of week or intra-day after release of significant macroeconomic figures, economic or political news that make currency markets to open with price levels that may substantially differ from previous prices. In this case, there exists a significant risk that orders issued to protect open positions and/or open new positions may be executed at prices significantly different from those designated.



- 12.1.7 There is a risk that the Client's trades in Financial Instruments may be or become subject to tax and/or any other duty for example because of changes in legislation and/or his/her personal circumstances. The Company does not warrant that no tax and/or any other stamp duty will be payable. The Client should be responsible for any taxes and/or any other duty which may accrue in respect of his/her trades.
- 12.1.8 The Client should take the risk that his/her trades in Financial Instruments may be or become subject to tax and/or any other duty for example because of changes in legislation or his personal circumstances. The Company does not warrant that no tax and/or any other stamp duty will be payable. The Client should be responsible for any taxes and/or any other duty which may accrue in respect of his trades.
- **12.1.9** The Client shall accept the risk of a loss in the event of Force Majeure

# 13. Clients' Money and Trading Related Costs

- 13.1 The Company is required to hold the Client's money in an account that is segregated from the Company's money (Omnibus Account) in accordance with current regulations, but this may not afford complete protection; for instance, an individual Client will not have a claim against a specific sum in a specific account in the event of insolvency. In general, accounts held with institutions, including Omnibus Accounts, face various risks, including being treated as one account in case of institution defaults.
- **13.1.1** In the event of default of any banking institution which is cooperating with the Company, the Client shall have no claims against the Company.
- **13.1.2** Where the Company is unable to meet its obligations, the Client may be entitled to Compensation from the CySEC under the 'Investor Compensation Fund' (ICF). For more information, the Client shall refer to the 'Investor Compensation Fund' notice available on the Company's Website.
- **13.1.3** The Client shall refer to the Client's Money section of the Terms and Conditions of Use before proceeding with his/her first deposit.
- **13.2** The Client may be required to pay a commission and/or other fees.
- 13.2.1 Before the Client begins to trade, he/she should obtain details of all commissions and other charges for which the Client will be liable. If any charges are not expressed in money terms (but for example as spread), the Client should ask for a written explanation, including appropriate examples, to establish what such charges are likely to mean in specific money terms.
- **13.2.2** The Client shall refer to the Cost, Fees and Commissions section of the Terms and Conditions of Use before placing an Order.
- 13.3 The Client should not fund his/her Account using money obtained from any credit facility (including, but not limited to bank loans). The Client should understand that



his/her overall risk will be significantly increased in case of trading on 'borrowed money'. The Client shall never finance any trades with the borrowed money, nor rely on being able to profit on any trade in order to repay such borrowed amounts.

# 14. Trading Conditions: Required Margin, Leverage and Stop Out

- 14.1 Financial markets may fluctuate rapidly to reflect events that are outside the control of the Company and/or the Client's. As a result, prices may become volatile. One form of price volatility is 'gapping', which occurs when there is a sudden shift in prices from one level to another. Created this way Market Gap may prevent the Company to execute the order at the price requested by the Client. Additionally, Market Gaps are creating a risk that Client's Account(s) may be automatically stopped-out.
- 14.2 Trading on margin/leverage can work in the Client's advantage, but it may also work against him/her. The default leverage on Client's Account is set at the 1:50. The Client may request a higher leverage; however, it will be adjusted at the Company's sole discretion and subject to Client's Appropriateness Assessment. The Client should understand that a higher leverage may on one hand bring higher profit and on the other may lead to stop-out significantly faster than a lower leverage.
- 14.3 The Client should refer to the 'Leverage' and the 'General Trading Conditions' sections of Terms and Conditions of Use for more information.

# 15. Charges and Taxes

- The Provision of Services by the Company to the Client may be subject to fees, available on the Company's website (Click here). Before the Client begins to trade, he should obtain details of all fees, commissions, charges for which the Client may be liable. It is the Client's responsibility to check for any changes in the charges.
  - If any charges are not expressed in monetary terms (but, for example, as a percentage or formula), the Client should ensure that he understands what such charges are likely to amount to.
- The Company may change its costs and associated charges at any time, according to the provisions of the Client Agreement found on the Company's website at (Click here).
- There is a risk that the Client's trades in any financial instruments may be or become subject to tax and/or any other duty for example because of changes in legislation or his personal circumstances. The Company does not warrant that no tax and/or any other stamp duty will be payable. The Company does not offer tax advice and recommends that the Client seek advice from a competent tax professional if the Client has any questions.
- 15.4 The Client is responsible for any taxes and/or any other duty which may accrue in respect of his trades.



- **15.5** It is noted that taxes are subject to change without notice.
- 15.6 If required by applicable Law, the Company shall deduct at source from any payments due to the Client such amounts as are required by the tax authorities to be deducted in accordance with applicable Law.
- 15.7 It is possible that other costs, including taxes, relating to Transactions carried out on the Trading Platform may arise for which the Client is liable and which are neither paid via us nor imposed by the Company. Although it is the Client's sole and entire responsibility to account for tax due and without derogating from this, the Client agrees that the Company may deduct tax, as may be required by the applicable law, with respect to his trading activity on the Trading Platform. The Client is aware that the Company has a right of set-off against any amounts in the Client's Trading Account with respect to such tax deductions.
- It is noted that the Company's prices in relation to CFDs trading are set/quoted in accordance to the Company's Best Interest and Order Execution Policy which is available on the Company's website at (Click here). It is noted that Company's prices may be different from prices reported elsewhere. The prices displayed on the Company's Trading Platform reflects the last known available price at the moment prior to placing any Order, however, the actual execution price of the Order may differ, in accordance with the Company's Best Interest and Order Execution Policy and Client Agreement. As such, the price that the Client receives when he opens or closes a position may not directly correspond to real time market levels at the point in time at which the sale of the CFD occurs or reflect the prices of third-party brokers/providers.

#### 16. Technical Risks

- 16.1 If the Client undertakes transactions on an electronic system, he/she will be exposed to risks associated with the system including the failure of hardware and software (Internet / Servers). The result of any system failure may be that his order is either not executed according to his instructions or it is not executed at all. The Company does not accept any liability in the case of such a failure.
- The Client shall refer to the relevant sections of the Company's Terms and Conditions of Use, to find more information regarding electronic trading and risks related to security and access to his/her Trading Account.
- 16.3 The Client and not the Company shall be responsible for the risks of financial losses caused by failure, malfunction, interruption, disconnection or malicious actions of information, communication, electricity, electronic or other systems, which are not the result of gross negligence or wilful default of the Company.
- **16.4** The Client acknowledges that the unencrypted information transmitted by e-mail is not protected from any unauthorized access.



At times of excessive deal flow the Client may have some difficulties to be connected over the phone or the Company's Platform(s)/system(s), especially in fast Market (for example, when key macroeconomic indicators or news are released).

- The Client acknowledges that the internet may be subject to events which may affect his access to the Company's Websites and/or the Company's trading Platform(s)/system(s), including but not limited to interruptions or transmission blackouts, software and hardware failure, internet disconnection, public electricity network failures or hacker attacks. The Company is not responsible for any damages or losses resulting from such events which are beyond its reasonable control or for any other losses, costs, liabilities, or expenses (including, without limitation, loss of profit) which may result from the Client's inability to access the Company's Website and/or Trading System or delay or failure in sending orders or Transactions.
- 16.6 In connection with the use of computer equipment and data and voice communication networks, the Client bears the following risks amongst other risks in which cases the Company has no liability of any resulting loss:
  - a) Power cut of the equipment on the side of the Client or the provider, or communication operator (including voice communication) that serves the Client.
  - b) Physical damage (or destruction) of the communication channels used to link the Client and provider (communication operator), provider, and the trading or information server of the Client.
  - c) Outage (unacceptably low quality) of communication via the channels used by the Client, or the channels used by the provider, or communication operator (including voice communication) that are used by the Client or the Company.
  - d) Wrong or inconsistent with requirements settings of the Client Terminal.
  - e) Untimely update of the Client Terminal.
  - f) When carrying out transactions via the telephone (land or cell phone lines) voice communication, the Client runs the risk of problematic dialing, when trying to reach an employee of the Company due to communication quality issues and communication channel loads.
  - g) The use of communication channels, hardware and software, generate the risk of non-reception of a message (including text messages) by the Client from the Company.
  - **h)** (Trading over the phone might be impeded by overload of connection;
  - i) Malfunction or non-operability of the Trading Platform, which also includes the Client Terminal.



16.7 The Client may suffer financial losses caused by the materialization of the above risks, the Company accepts no responsibility or liability in the case of such a risk materializing and the Client shall be responsible for all related losses he may suffer.

# 17. Trading Platform

- 17.1 The Client is warned that when trading in an electronic Trading Platform he assumes risk of financial loss which may be a consequence of amongst other things:
  - Failure of Client's devices, software and poor quality of connection.
  - The Company's or Client's hardware or software failure, malfunction or misuse.
  - Improper work of Client's equipment.
  - Wrong setting of Client's Terminal.
  - Delayed updates of Client's Terminal.
- 17.2 The Client acknowledges that only one Instruction is allowed to be in the queue at one time. Once the Client has sent an Instruction, a new Instruction can be given to the Company.
- 17.3 The Client acknowledges that the only reliable source of Quotes Flow information is that of the live Server's Quotes Base. Quotes Base in the Client Terminal is not a reliable source of Quotes Flow information because the connection between the Client Terminal and the Server may be disrupted at some point and some of the Quotes simply may not reach the Client Terminal.
- 17.4 The Client acknowledges that when the Client closes the order placing/ deleting window or the position opening/closing window, an Instruction, which has been sent to the Server, shall not be cancelled.
- Orders may be executed one at a time while being in the queue. Multiple orders from the same Trading Account in the same time may not be executed.
- 17.6 The Client acknowledges that when the Client closes the Order, it shall not be cancelled. In case the Client has not received as a result of Force Majeure Events the execution of the previously sent Order but decides to repeat the Order, the Client shall accept the risk of making two Transactions instead of one.
- 17.7 The Client acknowledges that if a Pending Order in a CFD has already been executed but the Client sends an instruction to modify its level, the only instruction, which will be executed, is the instruction to modify Stop Loss and/or Take Profit levels on the position opened when the Pending Order triggered.



# 18. Communication between the Client and the Company

- 18.1 The Client shall accept the risk of any financial losses caused by the fact that the Client has received with delay or has not received at all any notice from the Company.
- **18.2** The Client acknowledges that the unencrypted information transmitted by e-mail is not protected from any unauthorized access.
- 18.3 The Company has no responsibility if unauthorized third persons have access to information, including electronic addresses, electronic communication and personal data, access data when the above are transmitted between the Company and the Client or when using the internet or other network communication facilities, telephone, or any other electronic means.
- 18.4 The Client is fully responsible for the risks in respect of undelivered Company Online Trading System internal mail messages sent to the Client by the Company.

#### 19. Abnormal Market Conditions

- 19.1 The Client acknowledges that under Abnormal Market Conditions the period during which the Orders are executed may be extended or it may be impossible for Orders to be executed at declared prices or may not be executed at all.
- Abnormal Market Conditions include but not limited to times of rapid price fluctuations of the price, rises or falls in one trading session to such an extent that, under the rules of the relevant exchange, trading is suspended or restricted, or there is lack of liquidity, or this may occur at the opening of trading sessions.

#### 20. Foreign Currency

When a Financial Instrument is traded in a currency other than the currency of the Client's country of residence and/or Trading Account, any changes in the exchange rates may have a negative effect on its value, price and performance and may lead to losses for the Client.

#### 21. Client's Acknowledgment

21.1 The Client acknowledges that the Services offered by the Company do not include the provision of investment advice. Any investment information as may be announced or provided by the Company or on its behalf does not constitute investment advice services whatsoever, or in any circumstances and shall be regarded as given for informative purposes only. No information announced or provided by the Company shall be deemed as an assurance or guarantee on the expected results of any Transaction.



21.2 The Client acknowledges that the information in this document cannot and do not disclose or explain all of the risks and other significant aspects involved in dealing in CFDs. The Client should be aware of all the risks associated with trading on margin, and seek advice and consultation from an independent financial advisor if he/she has any doubts. The Company does not provide such advice. If the Client does not understand the risks involved in trading in CFDs, he/she should not trade at all.



#### Part B: Introduction in CFDs

Trading CFDs can put Client's capital at risk, especially if used in a speculative manner. Both CFDs are categorized as high risk complex Financial Instruments and Clients may lose the amount invested. Although the Company offers Negative Balance Protection to all of its Retail Clients. Trading CFDs is not suitable for all investors.

The investment decisions made by the Clients are subject to various markets, currency, economic, political, business risks etc., and will not necessarily be profitable. The Client acknowledges and without any reservation accepts that, notwithstanding any general information which may have been given by the Company, the value of any investment in Financial Instruments may fluctuate either upwards or downwards.

The Client acknowledges and without any reservation accepts the existence of a substantial risk of incurring losses and damages as a result of buying or selling any Financial Instrument and acknowledges his willingness to take such risk. Set out below is an outline of the major risks and other significant aspects of CFDs trading:

# 22. Trading in CFDs

- Trading in CFDs is very speculative and highly risky and is not suitable for all members of the general public but only for those investors who:
  - a) understand and are willing to assume the economic, legal and other risks involved.
  - taking into account their personal financial circumstances, financial resources, life style and obligations are financially able to assume the loss of their entire investment.
  - c) have the knowledge to understand CFDs trading and the Underlying assets and Markets.
- The Company will not provide the Client with any advice relating to CFDs, the Underlying Assets and Markets or make investment recommendations including occasions where the Client shall request such advice and/or recommendation. However, the Company may provide the Client with information and tools produced by third parties on an "as is" basis (i.e. the Company does not approve, or endorse, or affect the said information and or tools), which may be indicative of trading trends or trading opportunities. The Client accepts and understands that taking any actions based on the information and/or tools provided by third parties may result in losses and or general reduction of value of the Client's assets. The Company does not accept liability for any such losses resulting from actions taken by the Client on the basis of information and or tools produced by third parties.
- 22.3 CFDs are derivative financial instruments deriving their value from the prices of the underlying assets/markets in which they refer to (for example currency, equity indices, stocks, metals, indices futures, forwards etc.). It is important therefore that the Client understands the risks associated with trading in the relevant underlying asset/ market because fluctuations in the price of the underlying asset/ market will affect the profitability of his trade.



Information of the previous performance of CFDs, the Underlying Assets and Markets does not guarantee its current and/or future performance. The use of historical data does not constitute a binding or safe forecast as to the corresponding future performance of the CFDs to which the said information refers.

#### **22.5** Leverage and Gearing

- **22.5.1** Transactions in foreign exchange and derivative Financial Instruments carry a high degree of risk. The amount of initial margin may be small relative to the value of the foreign exchange or derivatives contract so that transactions are "leveraged" or "geared".
- A relatively small market movement will have a proportionately larger impact on the funds the Client has deposited or will have to deposit; this may work against the Client as well as for the Client. The Client may sustain a total loss of initial Margin funds and any additional funds deposited with the Company to maintain his position. If the market moves against the Client's position and/or Margin requirements are increased, the Client may be called upon to deposit additional funds on short notice to maintain his position. Failing to comply with a request for a deposit of additional funds, may result in closure of his position(s) by the Company on his behalf and he will be liable for any resulting loss or deficit.

# 22.6 <u>Risk-reducing Orders or Strategies</u>

- The placing of certain Orders (e.g. "Stop Loss" orders, where permitted under local law, or "Stop Limit" Orders), which are intended to limit losses to certain amounts, may not be adequate given that market conditions make it impossible to execute such Orders, e.g. due to illiquidity in the market. Strategies using combinations of positions, such as "spread" and "straddle" positions may be as risky as taking simple "long" or "short" positions. Therefore Stop Limit and Stop Loss Orders cannot guarantee the limit of loss.
- **22.6.2** Trailing Stops and Expert Advisors cannot guarantee the limit of loss.

#### **22.7 Volatility**

22.7.1 Some Financial Instruments trade within wide intraday ranges with volatile price movements. Therefore, the Client must carefully consider that there is a high risk of losses. The price of a Financial Instrument is derived from the price of the Underlying Asset in which the Financial Instruments refers to. Financial Instruments and related Underlying Markets can be highly volatile. The prices of Financial Instruments and the Underlying Asset may fluctuate rapidly and over wide ranges and may reflect unforeseeable events or changes in conditions, none of which can be controlled by the Client or the Company. Under certain market conditions it may be impossible for a Client Order to be executed at declared prices leading to losses. The prices of Financial Instruments and the Underlying Assets will be influenced by, amongst other things, changing supply and demand relationships, governmental, agricultural, commercial and trade programs and policies, national and international political and economic events and the prevailing psychological characteristics of the relevant market place.



#### 22.8 <u>Margin</u>

22.8.1 The Client acknowledges and accepts that, regardless of any information which may be offered by the Company, the value of Derivative Financial Instruments may fluctuate downwards or upwards and it is even probable that the investment may become of no value. This is owed to the margining system applicable to such trades, which generally involves a comparatively modest deposit or margin in terms of the overall contract value, so that a relatively small movement in the Underlying Market can have a disproportionately dramatic effect on the Client's trade. If the Underlying Market movement is in the Client's favor, the Client may achieve a good profit, but an equally small adverse market movement can not only quickly result in the loss of the Clients' entire deposit, but may also expose the Client to a large additional loss.

#### 22.9 Liquidity

**22.9.1** Some of the Underlying Assets may not become immediately liquid as a result of reduced demand for the Underlying Asset, and the Client may not be able to obtain the information on the value of these or the extent of the associated risks.

# **22.10** Contracts for Differences

- 22.10.1 The CFDs available for trading with the Company are non-deliverable spot transactions giving an opportunity to make profit on changes in the Underlying Asset (cash indices, index futures, bond futures, commodity futures, spot crude oil, spot gold, spot silver, single stocks, currencies or any other asset according to the Company's discretion from time to time). If the Underlying Asset movement is in the Client's favor, the Client may achieve a good profit, but an equally small adverse market movement can not only quickly result in the loss of the Clients' entire deposit but also any additional commissions and other expenses incurred. So, the Client must not enter into CFD trading unless he is willing to undertake the risks of losing all the money which he has invested entirely, in addition to any additional commissions and other expenses incurred.
- 22.10.2 Investing in a Contract for Differences carries the same risks as investing in a future or an option and the Client should be aware of these as set out above. Transactions in Contracts for Differences may also have a contingent liability and the Client should be aware of the implications of this as set out below under "Contingent Liability Investment Transactions".

#### **22.11 Options**

**22.11.1** Buying options: Buying options involves less risk than selling options because, if the price of the underlying asset moves against the Client, the Client can simply allow the option to lapse. The maximum loss is limited to the premium, plus any commission or other transaction charges. However, if the Client buys a call option on a futures contract and he later exercises the option, he will acquire the future. This will expose the Client to the risks described under "Futures" and "Contingent Liability Investment Transactions".



22.11.2 Writing options: If the Client writes an option, the risk involved is considerably greater than buying options. The Client may be liable for margin to maintain his position and a loss may be sustained well in excess of the premium received. By writing an option, the Client accepts a legal obligation to purchase or sell the underlying asset if the option is exercised against him, however far the market price has moved away from the exercise price. If the Client already owns the underlying asset which he has contracted to sell (when the options will be known as covered call options) the risk is reduced. If he does not own the underlying asset (uncovered call options) the risk can be unlimited. Only experienced persons should contemplate writing uncovered options, and then only after securing full details of the applicable conditions and potential risk exposure.

# **Off-exchange transactions in Derivative Financial Instruments:**

22.12.1 CFDs offered by the Company are off-exchange transactions (i.e. over-the-counter). The trading conditions are set by us (in line with the trading conditions received by our liquidity providers), subject to any obligations we have to provide best execution, to act reasonably and in accordance with our Client Agreement and with our Best Interest and Order Execution Policy. Each CFD order that the Client opens through our Trading Platform results in the entering of an Order with the Company; such Orders can only be closed with the Company and are not transferable to any other person.

While some off-exchange markets are highly liquid, transactions in off-exchange or non-transferable derivatives may involve greater risk than investing in on-exchange derivatives because there is no exchange market on which to close out an Open Position. It may be impossible to liquidate an existing position, to assess the value of the position arising from an off-exchange transaction or to assess the exposure to risk. Prices need not be quoted, and, even where they are, they will be established by dealers in these instruments and consequently it may be difficult to establish what a fair price is.

The Company is using an Online Trading System for transactions in CFDs which does not fall into the definition of a recognized exchange or Multilateral Trading Facility and so do not have the same protection.

22.12.2 In regards to transactions in CFDs, the Company is using an Online Trading System for transactions in CFDs which does not fall into the definition of a recognized exchange as this is not a Multilateral Trading Facility, and so does not have the same protection.

# **22.13** Contingent Liability Investment Transactions

- **22.13.1** Contingent liability investment transactions, which are margined, require the Client to make a series of payments against the purchase price, instead of paying the whole purchase price immediately. The Margin requirement will depend on the underlying asset of the Financial Instrument. Margin requirements can be fixed or calculated from the current price of the underlying instrument and can be found on the website of the Company.
- **22.13.2** If the Client trades in futures or Contracts for Differences, he may sustain a total loss of the funds he has deposited to open and maintain a position. If the market moves against the Client, he may be called upon to pay substantial additional funds at short notice to



maintain the position. If the Client fails to do so within the time required, his position may be liquidated at a loss and he will be responsible for the resulting deficit. It is noted that the Company will not have a duty to notify the Client for any Margin Call to sustain a loss-making position.

- **22.13.3** Even if a transaction is not margined, it may still carry an obligation to make further payments in certain circumstances over and above any amount paid when the Client entered the contract.
- **22.13.4** Contingent liability investment transactions which are not traded on or under the rules of a recognized or designated investment exchange may expose the Client to substantially greater risks.

#### 22.14 Collateral

22.14.1 If the Client deposits collateral as security with the Company, the way in which it will be treated will vary according to the type of transaction and where it is traded. There could be significant differences in the treatment of the collateral depending on whether the Client is trading on a recognized or designated investment exchange, with the rules of that exchange (and the associated clearing house) applying, or trading off-exchange. Deposited collateral may lose its identity as the Client's property once dealings on the Client's behalf are undertaken. Even if the Client's dealings should ultimately prove profitable, he may not get back the same assets which he deposited, and may have to accept payment in cash.

#### **Suspensions of Trading**

22.15.1 Under certain trading conditions it may be difficult or impossible to liquidate a position. This may occur, for example, at times of rapid price movement if the price rises or falls in one trading session to such an extent that under the rules of the relevant exchange, trading is suspended or restricted. Placing a Stop Loss will not necessarily limit the Client's losses to the intended amounts, because market conditions may make it impossible to execute such an Order at the stipulated price. In addition, under certain market conditions the execution of a Stop Loss Order may be worse than its stipulated price and the realized losses can be larger than expected.

#### 22.16 No Delivery

**22.16.1** It is understood that the Client has no rights or obligations in respect to the Underlying Assets relating to the CFDs he is trading. There is no delivery of the underlying asset.

#### **22.17 Slippage**

**22.17.1** Slippage is the difference between the expected price of a Transaction in Financial Instruments, and the price the Transaction is actually executed at. Slippage often occurs during periods of higher volatility (for example due to news events) making an Order at a specific price impossible to execute, when market orders are used, and also when large



Orders are executed when there may not be enough interest at the desired price level to maintain the expected price of trade.

#### 23. Advice and Recommendations

- The Company will not advise the Client about the merits of a particular Transaction or give him any form of investment advice and the Client acknowledges that the Services do not include the provision of investment advice in CFDs or the Underlying Assets and Markets. The Client alone will enter into Transactions and take relevant decisions based on his own judgement. In asking the Company to enter into any Transaction, the Client represents that he has been solely responsible for making his own independent appraisal and investigation into the risks of the Transaction. He represents that he has sufficient knowledge, market sophistication, professional advice and experience to make his own evaluation of the merits and risks of any Transaction. The Company gives no warranty as to the suitability of the products traded under this Agreement and assumes no fiduciary duty in its relations with the Client.
- The Company will not be under any duty to provide the Client with any legal, tax or other advice relating to any Transaction. The Client should seek independent expert advice if he is in any doubt as to whether he may incur any tax liabilities. The Client is hereby warned that tax laws are subject to change from time to time.
- The Company may, from time to time and at its discretion, provide the Client (or in newsletters which it may post on its Website or provide to subscribers via its Website or the Trading Platform or otherwise) with information, news, market commentary or other information but not as a service. Where it does so:
- a) the Company will not be responsible for such information;
- the Company gives no representation, warranty or guarantee as to the accuracy, correctness or completeness of such information or as to the tax or legal consequences of any related Transaction;
- this information is provided solely to enable the Client to make his own investment decisions and does not amount to investment advice or unsolicited financial promotions to the Client;
- d) if the document contains a restriction on the person or category of persons for whom that document is intended or to whom it is distributed, the Client agrees that he will not pass it on to any such person or category of persons;
- the Client accepts that prior to dispatch, the Company may have acted upon it itself to make use of the information on which it is based. The Company does not make representations as to the time of receipt by the Client and cannot guarantee that he will receive such information at the same time as other clients; It is understood that market commentary, news, or other information provided or made available by the Company are subject to change and may be withdrawn at any time without notice.



#### 24. No Guarantees of Profit

The Company provides no guarantees of profit nor of avoiding losses when trading in Financial Instruments. The Company cannot guarantee the future performance of the Client's Trading Account, promise any specific level of performance or promise that Client's investment decisions, strategies, will be successful/profitable. Customer has received no such guarantees from the Company or from any of its representatives. Customer is aware of the risks inherent in trading in Financial Instruments and is financially able to bear such risks and withstand any losses incurred. The Client acknowledges and accepts that there may be other additional risks apart from those mentioned above.

# 25. Final representations

- When making a decision to sign the Agreement, the Client shall carefully consider whether the OTC Financial Instruments are appropriate for him/her, taking into account Client's investment knowledge and experience, risk tolerance and ability to take losses, financial resources, access to necessary technologies and other important factors.
- By accepting this document Client declares that he/she is aware of investment risks and financial consequences that are related to trading in Financial Instruments, especially those related to the fact that the price of certain Financial Instrument may depend on price of securities, futures, exchange rates, prices of raw materials, commodities, stock exchange indices or prices of other Underlying Instruments.
- The Client declares that he/she is fully aware that due to high financial leverage, dealing in OTC Financial Instruments being derivatives is strictly connected with the possibility of suffering heavy financial losses by the Client, even at a slight change of the Underlying Instrument price.
- The Client declares that he/she is fully aware of the fact that it is not possible to make profit on Financial Instruments Transaction's without taking the risk of losses.
- 25.5 The Client declares that his/her financial standing is stable and sufficient to enable him to invest in the Financial Instruments.
- **25.6** Any guarantees as to making a profit on Financial Instruments should be deemed false.
- 25.7 The Client exempts the Company from liability for any losses incurred by the Client as a result of Transactions made by the Client on OTC Financial Instruments. Beyond all doubt, concluding a Transaction shall be deemed as an independent decision of the Client.